

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

1st Session of the 60th Legislature (2025)

SENATE BILL 284

By: Jett

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to specie; amending 62 O.S. 2021, Section 4500, which relates to gold and silver coins as legal tender; defining terms; authorizing the payment of certain public and private debts; restricting the requirement of payment in specie; prohibiting the levy of tax upon sale or exchange of specie; excluding specie from assessment of personal property; requiring the State Treasurer to develop certain plan; amending 68 O.S. 2021, Section 2358, as last amended by Section 155, Chapter 452, O.S.L. 2024 (68 O.S. Supp. 2024, Section 2358), which relates to adjustments to arrive at taxable income; authorizing deduction for gains derived from the sale of specie; updating statutory language; updating statutory references; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 62 O.S. 2021, Section 4500, is amended to read as follows:

~~Section 4500. Gold and silver coins issued by the United States government are legal tender in the State of Oklahoma. No person may compel another person to tender or accept gold or silver coins that are issued by the United States government, except as agreed upon by contract A. As used in this section:~~

1 1. "Legal tender" means a recognized medium of exchange for the
2 payment of public and private debts and taxes; and

3 2. "Specie" means gold or silver bullion in the form of coins,
4 bars, or rounds that are coined, stamped, or imprinted with its
5 weight and purity with value based on metal content and not on its
6 form. Silver bullion bars and rounds are stamped with "purity of
7 .999 fine silver".

8 B. Gold and silver bullion in the form of coins issued by the
9 United States government shall be considered legal tender in this
10 state.

11 C. Legal tender, as defined in this section, may be used to pay
12 public debt in this state.

13 D. Silver specie, in the form of bars and rounds, may be used
14 for the payment of private debts in this state.

15 E. No person shall compel another person or entity to tender or
16 accept specie for the payment of any debt except as agreed to by
17 agreement or contract.

18 F. The purchase, sale, or exchange of any type or form of
19 specie, including legal tender, shall not give rise to any tax
20 liability in this state.

21 G. Specie or legal tender shall not be characterized as
22 personal property for taxation or regulatory purposes.

23 H. The State Treasurer, in consultation with state agencies the
24 Treasurer deems applicable, shall develop a plan to store a minimum

1 of ten percent (10%) of this state's fund balances in the form of
2 gold and silver legal tender and for taxpayers to pay ad valorem
3 taxes in the form of gold and silver legal tender.

4 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2021, Section 2358, as
5 last amended by Section 155, Chapter 452, O.S.L. 2024 (68 O.S. Supp.
6 2024, Section 2358), is amended to read as follows:

7 Section 2358. For all tax years beginning after December 31,
8 1981, taxable income and adjusted gross income shall be adjusted to
9 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted gross income
10 as required by this section.

11 A. The taxable income of any taxpayer shall be adjusted to
12 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for corporations and Oklahoma
13 adjusted gross income for individuals, as follows:

14 1. There shall be added interest income on obligations of any
15 state or political subdivision thereto which is not otherwise
16 exempted pursuant to other laws of this state, to the extent that
17 such interest is not included in taxable income and adjusted gross
18 income.

19 2. There shall be deducted amounts included in such income that
20 the state is prohibited from taxing because of the provisions of the
21 ~~Federal~~ United States Constitution, the ~~State~~ Oklahoma Constitution,
22 federal laws or laws of Oklahoma.

23 3. The amount of any federal net operating loss deduction shall
24 be adjusted as follows:

1 a. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years
2 beginning before January 1, 1981, the amount of any
3 net operating loss deduction allowed to a taxpayer for
4 federal income tax purposes shall be reduced to an
5 amount which is the same portion thereof as the loss
6 from sources within this state, as determined pursuant
7 to this section and Section 2362 of this title, for
8 the taxable year in which such loss is sustained is of
9 the total loss for such year;

10 b. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years
11 beginning after December 31, 1980, the amount of any
12 net operating loss deduction allowed for the taxable
13 year shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of the
14 Oklahoma net operating loss carryovers and carrybacks
15 to such year. Oklahoma net operating losses shall be
16 separately determined by reference to Section 172 of
17 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, 26
18 U.S.C., Section 172, as modified by the Oklahoma
19 Income Tax Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title,
20 and shall be allowed without regard to the existence
21 of a federal net operating loss. For tax years
22 beginning after December 31, 2000, and ending before
23 January 1, 2008, the years to which such losses may be
24 carried shall be determined solely by reference to

1 Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
2 amended, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the exception
3 that the terms "net operating loss" and "taxable
4 income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net operating
5 loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income". For tax years
6 beginning after December 31, 2007, and ending before
7 January 1, 2009, years to which such losses may be
8 carried back shall be limited to two (2) years. For
9 tax years beginning after December 31, 2008, the years
10 to which such losses may be carried back shall be
11 determined solely by reference to Section 172 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, 26 U.S.C.,
13 Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net
14 operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced
15 with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma
16 taxable income".

17 4. Items of the following nature shall be allocated as
18 indicated. Allowable deductions attributable to items separately
19 allocable in subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph, whether or
20 not such items of income were actually received, shall be allocated
21 on the same basis as those items:

- 22 a. Income from real and tangible personal property, such
23 as rents, oil and mining production or royalties, and
24 gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be
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1 allocated in accordance with the situs of such
2 property;

3 b. Income from intangible personal property, such as
4 interest, dividends, patent or copyright royalties,
5 and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall
6 be allocated in accordance with the domiciliary situs
7 of the taxpayer, except that:

8 (1) where such property has acquired a nonunitary
9 business or commercial situs apart from the
10 domicile of the taxpayer such income shall be
11 allocated in accordance with such business or
12 commercial situs; interest income from
13 investments held to generate working capital for
14 a unitary business enterprise shall be included
15 in apportionable income; a resident trust or
16 resident estate shall be treated as having a
17 separate commercial or business situs insofar as
18 undistributed income is concerned, but shall not
19 be treated as having a separate commercial or
20 business situs insofar as distributed income is
21 concerned,

22 (2) for taxable years beginning after December 31,
23 2003, capital or ordinary gains or losses from
24 the sale of an ownership interest in a publicly
25

1 traded partnership, as defined by Section 7704(b)
2 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,
3 shall be allocated to this state in the ratio of
4 the original cost of such partnership's tangible
5 property in this state to the original cost of
6 such partnership's tangible property everywhere,
7 as determined at the time of the sale; if more
8 than fifty percent (50%) of the value of the
9 partnership's assets consists of intangible
10 assets, capital or ordinary gains or losses from
11 the sale of an ownership interest in the
12 partnership shall be allocated to this state in
13 accordance with the sales factor of the
14 partnership for its first full tax period
15 immediately preceding its tax period during which
16 the ownership interest in the partnership was
17 sold; the provisions of this division shall only
18 apply if the capital or ordinary gains or losses
19 from the sale of an ownership interest in a
20 partnership do not constitute qualifying gain
21 receiving capital treatment as defined in
22 subparagraph a of paragraph 2 of subsection F of
23 this section,
24

1 (3) income from such property which is required to be
2 allocated pursuant to the provisions of paragraph
3 5 of this subsection shall be allocated as herein
4 provided;

5 c. Net income or loss from a business activity which is
6 not a part of business carried on within or without
7 the state of a unitary character shall be separately
8 allocated to the state in which such activity is
9 conducted;

10 d. In the case of a manufacturing or processing
11 enterprise the business of which in ~~Oklahoma~~ this
12 state consists solely of marketing its products by:

13 (1) sales having a situs without this state, shipped
14 directly to a point from without the state to a
15 purchaser within the state, commonly known as
16 interstate sales,

17 (2) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
18 within the state pursuant to "in transit"
19 tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
20 Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
21 within the state,

22 (3) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
23 within the state where the shipment to such
24 warehouses is not covered by "in transit"

1 tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
2 Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
3 within or without the state,

4 the Oklahoma net income shall, at the option of the
5 taxpayer, be that portion of the total net income of
6 the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes derived
7 from the manufacture and/or processing and sales
8 everywhere as determined by the ratio of the sales
9 defined in this section made to the purchaser within
10 the state to the total sales everywhere. The term
11 "public warehouse" as used in this subparagraph means
12 a licensed public warehouse, the principal business of
13 which is warehousing merchandise for the public;

14 e. In the case of insurance companies, Oklahoma taxable
15 income shall be taxable income of the taxpayer for
16 federal tax purposes, as adjusted for the adjustments
17 provided pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 1
18 and 2 of this subsection, apportioned as follows:

19 (1) except as otherwise provided by division (2) of
20 this subparagraph, taxable income of an insurance
21 company for a taxable year shall be apportioned
22 to this state by multiplying such income by a
23 fraction, the numerator of which is the direct
24 premiums written for insurance on property or

1 risks in this state, and the denominator of which
2 is the direct premiums written for insurance on
3 property or risks everywhere. For purposes of
4 this subsection, the term "direct premiums
5 written" means the total amount of direct
6 premiums written, assessments and annuity
7 considerations as reported for the taxable year
8 on the annual statement filed by the company with
9 the Insurance Commissioner in the form approved
10 by the National Association of Insurance
11 Commissioners, or such other form as may be
12 prescribed in lieu thereof,

13 (2) if the principal source of premiums written by an
14 insurance company consists of premiums for
15 reinsurance accepted by it, the taxable income of
16 such company shall be apportioned to this state
17 by multiplying such income by a fraction, the
18 numerator of which is the sum of (a) direct
19 premiums written for insurance on property or
20 risks in this state, plus (b) premiums written
21 for reinsurance accepted in respect of property
22 or risks in this state, and the denominator of
23 which is the sum of (c) direct premiums written
24 for insurance on property or risks everywhere,

1 plus (d) premiums written for reinsurance
2 accepted in respect of property or risks
3 everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph,
4 premiums written for reinsurance accepted in
5 respect of property or risks in this state,
6 whether or not otherwise determinable, may at the
7 election of the company be determined on the
8 basis of the proportion which premiums written
9 for insurance accepted from companies
10 commercially domiciled in ~~Oklahoma~~ this state
11 bears to premiums written for reinsurance
12 accepted from all sources, or alternatively in
13 the proportion which the sum of the direct
14 premiums written for insurance on property or
15 risks in this state by each ceding company from
16 which reinsurance is accepted bears to the sum of
17 the total direct premiums written by each such
18 ceding company for the taxable year.

19 5. The net income or loss remaining after the separate
20 allocation in paragraph 4 of this subsection, being that which is
21 derived from a unitary business enterprise, shall be apportioned to
22 this state on the basis of the arithmetical average of three factors
23 consisting of property, payroll and sales or gross revenue
24 enumerated as subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph. Net

1 income or loss as used in this paragraph includes that derived from
2 patent or copyright royalties, purchase discounts, and interest on
3 accounts receivable relating to or arising from a business activity,
4 the income from which is apportioned pursuant to this subsection,
5 including the sale or other disposition of such property and any
6 other property used in the unitary enterprise. Deductions used in
7 computing such net income or loss shall not include taxes based on
8 or measured by income. Provided, for corporations whose property
9 for purposes of the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title has an
10 initial investment cost equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million
11 Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) and such investment is made on or after
12 July 1, 1997, or for corporations which expand their property or
13 facilities in this state and such expansion has an investment cost
14 equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00)
15 over a period not to exceed three (3) years, and such expansion is
16 commenced on or after January 1, 2000, the three factors shall be
17 apportioned with property and payroll, each comprising twenty-five
18 percent (25%) of the apportionment factor and sales comprising fifty
19 percent (50%) of the apportionment factor. The apportionment
20 factors shall be computed as follows:

- 21 a. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of
22 which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and
23 tangible personal property owned or rented and used in
24 this state during the tax period and the denominator

1 of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's
2 real and tangible personal property everywhere owned
3 or rented and used during the tax period.

4 (1) Property, the income from which is separately
5 allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection,
6 shall not be included in determining this
7 fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall
8 include a portion of the investment in
9 transportation and other equipment having no
10 fixed situs, such as rolling stock, buses, trucks
11 and trailers, including machinery and equipment
12 carried thereon, airplanes, salespersons'
13 automobiles and other similar equipment, in the
14 proportion that miles traveled in ~~Oklahoma~~ this
15 state by such equipment bears to total miles
16 traveled,

17 (2) Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at its
18 original cost. Property rented by the taxpayer
19 is valued at eight times the net annual rental
20 rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual
21 rental rate paid by the taxpayer, less any annual
22 rental rate received by the taxpayer from
23 subrentals,

1 (3) The average value of property shall be determined
2 by averaging the values at the beginning and
3 ending of the tax period but the Oklahoma Tax
4 Commission may require the averaging of monthly
5 values during the tax period if reasonably
6 required to reflect properly the average value of
7 the taxpayer's property;

8 b. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of
9 which is the total compensation for services rendered
10 in the state during the tax period, and the
11 denominator of which is the total compensation for
12 services rendered everywhere during the tax period.
13 "Compensation", as used in this subsection, means
14 those paid-for services to the extent related to the
15 unitary business but does not include officers'
16 salaries, wages and other compensation.

17 (1) In the case of a transportation enterprise, the
18 numerator of the fraction shall include a portion
19 of such expenditure in connection with employees
20 operating equipment over a fixed route, such as
21 railroad employees, airline pilots, or bus
22 drivers, in this state only a part of the time,
23 in the proportion that mileage traveled in
24

1 ~~Oklahoma~~ this state bears to total mileage
2 traveled by such employees,

3 (2) In any case the numerator of the fraction shall
4 include a portion of such expenditures in
5 connection with itinerant employees, such as
6 traveling salespersons, in this state only a part
7 of the time, in the proportion that time spent in
8 ~~Oklahoma~~ this state bears to total time spent in
9 furtherance of the enterprise by such employees;

10 c. The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which
11 is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer in
12 this state during the tax period, and the denominator
13 of which is the total sales or gross revenue of the
14 taxpayer everywhere during the tax period. "Sales",
15 as used in this subsection, does not include sales or
16 gross revenue which are separately allocated in
17 paragraph 4 of this subsection.

18 (1) Sales of tangible personal property have a situs
19 in this state if the property is delivered or
20 shipped to a purchaser other than the United
21 States government, within this state regardless
22 of the ~~FOB~~ Freight on Board (FOB) point or other
23 conditions of the sale; or the property is
24 shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory

1 or other place of storage in this state and (a)
2 the purchaser is the United States government or
3 (b) the taxpayer is not doing business in the
4 state of the destination of the shipment.

5 (2) In the case of a railroad or interurban railway
6 enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall
7 not be less than the allocation of revenues to
8 this state as shown in its annual report to the
9 Corporation Commission.

10 (3) In the case of an airline, truck or bus
11 enterprise or freight car, tank car, refrigerator
12 car or other railroad equipment enterprise, the
13 numerator of the fraction shall include a portion
14 of revenue from interstate transportation in the
15 proportion that interstate mileage traveled in
16 ~~Oklahoma~~ this state bears to total interstate
17 mileage traveled.

18 (4) In the case of an oil, gasoline or gas pipeline
19 enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall
20 be either the total of traffic units of the
21 enterprise within ~~Oklahoma~~ this state or the
22 revenue allocated to ~~Oklahoma~~ this state based
23 upon miles moved, at the option of the taxpayer,
24 and the denominator of which shall be the total

1 of traffic units of the enterprise or the revenue
2 of the enterprise everywhere as appropriate to
3 the numerator. A "traffic unit" is hereby
4 defined as the transportation for a distance of
5 one (1) mile of one (1) barrel of oil, one (1)
6 gallon of gasoline or one thousand (1,000) cubic
7 feet of natural or casinghead gas, as the case
8 may be.

9 (5) In the case of a telephone or telegraph or other
10 communication enterprise, the numerator of the
11 fraction shall include that portion of the
12 interstate revenue as is allocated pursuant to
13 the accounting procedures prescribed by the
14 Federal Communications Commission; provided that
15 in respect to each corporation or business entity
16 required by the Federal Communications Commission
17 to keep its books and records in accordance with
18 a uniform system of accounts prescribed by such
19 Commission, the intrastate net income shall be
20 determined separately in the manner provided by
21 such uniform system of accounts and only the
22 interstate income shall be subject to allocation
23 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection.
24 Provided further, that the gross revenue factors

1 shall be those as are determined pursuant to the
2 accounting procedures prescribed by the Federal
3 Communications Commission.

4 In any case where the apportionment of the three factors
5 prescribed in this paragraph attributes to ~~Oklahoma~~ this state a
6 portion of net income of the enterprise out of all appropriate
7 proportion to the property owned and/or business transacted within
8 this state, because of the fact that one or more of the factors so
9 prescribed are not employed to any appreciable extent in furtherance
10 of the enterprise; or because one or more factors not so prescribed
11 are employed to a considerable extent in furtherance of the
12 enterprise; or because of other reasons, the Tax Commission is
13 empowered to permit, after a showing by taxpayer that an excessive
14 portion of net income has been attributed to ~~Oklahoma~~ this state, or
15 require, when in its judgment an insufficient portion of net income
16 has been attributed to ~~Oklahoma~~ this state, the elimination,
17 substitution, or use of additional factors, or reduction or increase
18 in the weight of such prescribed factors. Provided, however, that
19 any such variance from such prescribed factors which has the effect
20 of increasing the portion of net income attributable to ~~Oklahoma~~
21 this state must not be inherently arbitrary, and application of the
22 recomputed final apportionment to the net income of the enterprise
23 must attribute to ~~Oklahoma~~ this state only a reasonable portion
24 thereof.

1 6. For calendar years 1997 and 1998, the owner of a new or
2 expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state
3 may exclude from Oklahoma taxable income, or in the case of an
4 individual, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income, fifteen percent
5 (15%) of the investment by the owner in the new or expanded
6 agricultural commodity processing facility. For calendar year 1999,
7 and all subsequent years, the percentage, not to exceed fifteen
8 percent (15%), available to the owner of a new or expanded
9 agricultural commodity processing facility in this state claiming
10 the exemption shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimated
11 reduction in tax liability does not exceed One Million Dollars
12 (\$1,000,000.00) annually. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules
13 for determining the percentage of the investment which each eligible
14 taxpayer may exclude. The exclusion provided by this paragraph
15 shall be taken in the taxable year when the investment is made. In
16 the event the total reduction in tax liability authorized by this
17 paragraph exceeds One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any
18 calendar year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One
19 Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) and shall factor such excess into
20 the percentage for subsequent years. Any amount of the exemption
21 permitted to be excluded pursuant to the provisions of this
22 paragraph but not used in any year may be carried forward as an
23 exemption from income pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph
24

1 for a period not exceeding six (6) years following the year in which
2 the investment was originally made.

3 For purposes of this paragraph:

4 a. "Agricultural commodity processing facility" means
5 ~~building~~ buildings, structures, fixtures and
6 improvements used or operated primarily for the
7 processing or production of marketable products from
8 agricultural commodities. The term shall also mean a
9 dairy operation that requires a depreciable investment
10 of at least Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars
11 (\$250,000.00) and which produces milk from dairy cows.
12 The term does not include a facility that provides
13 only, and nothing more than, storage, cleaning, drying
14 or transportation of agricultural commodities, and

15 b. "Facility" means each part of the facility which is
16 used in a process primarily for:

17 (1) the processing of agricultural commodities,
18 including receiving or storing agricultural
19 commodities, or the production of milk at a dairy
20 operation,

21 (2) transporting the agricultural commodities or
22 product before, during or after the processing,
23 or

1 (3) packaging or otherwise preparing the product for
2 sale or shipment.

3 7. Despite any provision to the contrary in paragraph 3 of this
4 subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, in
5 the case of a taxpayer which has a farming loss, such farming loss
6 shall be considered a net operating loss carryback in accordance
7 with and to the extent of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
8 amended, 26 U.S.C., Section ~~172(b)(G)~~ 172(b)(1)(B). However, the
9 amount of the net operating loss carryback shall not exceed the
10 lesser of:

- 11 a. Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), or
- 12 b. the loss properly shown on Schedule F of the Internal
13 Revenue Service Form 1040 reduced by one-half (1/2) of
14 the income from all other sources other than reflected
15 on Schedule F.

16 8. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, all
17 qualified wages equal to the federal income tax credit set forth in
18 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, shall be deducted from taxable income.
19 The deduction allowed pursuant to this paragraph shall only be
20 permitted for the tax years in which the federal tax credit pursuant
21 to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, is allowed. For purposes of this
22 paragraph, "qualified wages" means those wages used to calculate the
23 federal credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A.

1 9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, an
2 employer that is eligible for and utilizes the Safety Pays OSHA
3 Consultation Service provided by the ~~Oklahoma~~ Department of Labor
4 shall receive an exemption from taxable income in the amount of One
5 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for the tax year that the service is
6 utilized.

7 10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010,
8 there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to
9 the amount of deferred income not included in such taxable income
10 pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
11 as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment
12 Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). There shall be subtracted from
13 Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred
14 income included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1)
15 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended by Section 1231 of
16 the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5).

17 11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019,
18 there shall be subtracted from Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted
19 gross income any item of income or gain, and there shall be added to
20 Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted gross income any item of loss or
21 deduction that in the absence of an election pursuant to the
22 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019 would
23 be allocated to a member or to an indirect member of an electing
24 pass-through entity pursuant to Section 2351 et seq. of this title,

1 if (i) the electing pass-through entity has accounted for such item
2 in computing its Oklahoma net entity income or loss pursuant to the
3 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019, and
4 (ii) the total amount of tax attributable to any resulting Oklahoma
5 net entity income has been paid. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall
6 promulgate rules for the reporting of such exclusion to direct and
7 indirect members of the electing pass-through entity. As used in
8 this paragraph, "electing pass-through entity", "indirect member",
9 and "member" shall be defined in the same manner as prescribed by
10 Section 2355.1P-2 of this title. Notwithstanding the application of
11 this paragraph, the adjusted tax basis of any ownership interest in
12 a pass-through entity for purposes of Section 2351 et seq. of this
13 title shall be equal to its adjusted tax basis for federal income
14 tax purposes.

15 B. 1. The taxable income of any corporation shall be further
16 adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income, except those
17 corporations electing treatment as provided in subchapter S of the
18 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, 26 U.S.C., Section 1361
19 et seq., and Section 2365 of this title, deductions pursuant to the
20 provisions of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System as ~~defined~~
21 provided and allowed in the Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981,
22 Public Law 97-34, 26 U.S.C., Section 168, for depreciation of assets
23 placed into service after December 31, 1981, shall not be allowed in
24 calculating Oklahoma taxable income. Such corporations shall be

1 allowed a deduction for depreciation of assets placed into service
2 after December 31, 1981, in accordance with provisions of the
3 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, 26 U.S.C., Section 1 et
4 seq., in effect immediately prior to the enactment of the
5 Accelerated Cost Recovery System. The Oklahoma tax basis for all
6 such assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, calculated
7 in this section shall be retained and utilized for all Oklahoma
8 income tax purposes through the final disposition of such assets.

9 Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax
10 Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, or of the Internal Revenue
11 Code of 1986, as amended, to the contrary, this subsection shall
12 control calculation of depreciation of assets placed into service
13 after December 31, 1981, and before January 1, 1983.

14 For assets placed in service and held by a corporation in which
15 ~~accelerated cost recovery system~~ the Accelerated Cost Recovery
16 System was previously disallowed, an adjustment to taxable income is
17 required in the first taxable year beginning after December 31,
18 1982, to reconcile the basis of such assets to the basis allowed in
19 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The purpose of this
20 adjustment is to equalize the basis and allowance for depreciation
21 accounts between that reported to the Internal Revenue Service and
22 that reported to ~~Oklahoma~~ this state.

23 2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and
24 ending on or before December 31, 2009, there shall be added to

1 Oklahoma taxable income any amount in excess of One Hundred Seventy-
2 five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00) which has been deducted as a
3 small business expense under Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
4 amended, Section 179 as provided in the American Recovery and
5 Reinvestment Act of 2009.

6 C. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, the
7 taxable income of any corporation shall be further adjusted to
8 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for transfers of technology to
9 qualified small businesses located in ~~Oklahoma~~ this state. Such
10 transferor corporation shall be allowed an exemption from taxable
11 income of an amount equal to the amount of royalty payment received
12 as a result of such transfer; provided, however, such amount shall
13 not exceed ten percent (10%) of the amount of gross proceeds
14 received by such transferor corporation as a result of the
15 technology transfer. Such exemption shall be allowed for a period
16 not to exceed ten (10) years from the date of receipt of the first
17 royalty payment accruing from such transfer. No exemption may be
18 claimed for transfers of technology to qualified small businesses
19 made prior to January 1, 1988.

20 2. For purposes of this subsection:

21 a. "Qualified small business" means an entity, whether
22 organized as a corporation, partnership, or
23 proprietorship, organized for profit with its
24

1 principal place of business located within this state
2 and which meets the following criteria:

- 3 (1) Capitalization of not more than Two Hundred Fifty
4 Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00),
5 (2) Having at least fifty percent (50%) of its
6 employees and assets located in ~~Oklahoma~~ this
7 state at the time of the transfer, and
8 (3) Not a subsidiary or affiliate of the transferor
9 corporation;

10 b. "Technology" means a proprietary process, formula,
11 pattern, device or compilation of scientific or
12 technical information which is not in the public
13 domain;

14 c. "Transferor corporation" means a corporation which is
15 the exclusive and undisputed owner of the technology
16 at the time the transfer is made; and

17 d. "Gross proceeds" means the total amount of
18 consideration for the transfer of technology, whether
19 the consideration is in money or otherwise.

20 D. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, the
21 taxable income of any corporation, estate or trust, shall be further
22 adjusted for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment. Such
23 corporations, estates or trusts shall be allowed a deduction from
24 Oklahoma taxable income for the amount of qualifying gains receiving

1 capital treatment earned by the corporation, estate or trust during
2 the taxable year and included in the federal taxable income of such
3 corporation, estate or trust.

4 2. As used in this subsection:

5 a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
6 the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
7 1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
8 amended, included in the federal income tax return of
9 the corporation, estate or trust that result from:

10 (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
11 property located within ~~Oklahoma~~ this state that
12 has been directly or indirectly owned by the
13 corporation, estate or trust for a holding period
14 of at least five (5) years prior to the date of
15 the transaction from which such net capital gains
16 arise,

17 (2) the sale of stock or on the sale of an ownership
18 interest in an Oklahoma company, limited
19 liability company, or partnership where such
20 stock or ownership interest has been directly or
21 indirectly owned by the corporation, estate or
22 trust for a holding period of at least three (3)
23 years prior to the date of the transaction from
24 which the net capital gains arise, ~~or~~

1 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal
2 property or intangible personal property located
3 within ~~Oklahoma~~ this state as part of the sale of
4 all or substantially all of the assets of an
5 Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or
6 partnership where such property has been directly
7 or indirectly owned by such entity owned by the
8 owners of such entity, and used in or derived
9 from such entity for a period of at least three
10 (3) years prior to the date of the transaction
11 from which the net capital gains arise, or
12 (4) the sale or exchange of specie, as defined in
13 Section 1 of this act, for tax year 2026 and
14 subsequent tax years,

15 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of
16 time. The holding period shall include any additional
17 period when the property was held by another
18 individual or entity, if such additional period is
19 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the
20 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
21 as amended,

22 c. "Oklahoma company", "limited liability company", or
23 "partnership" means an entity whose primary
24 headquarters have been located in ~~Oklahoma~~ this state

1 for at least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to
2 the date of the transaction from which the net capital
3 gains arise,

4 d. "direct" means the taxpayer directly owns the asset,
5 and

6 e. "indirect" means the taxpayer owns an interest in a
7 pass-through entity (or chain of pass-through
8 entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the
9 qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.

10 (1) With respect to sales of real property or
11 tangible personal property located within
12 ~~Oklahoma~~ this state, the deduction described in
13 this subsection shall not apply unless the pass-
14 through entity that makes the sale has held the
15 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted
16 years prior to the date of the transaction that
17 created the capital gain, and each pass-through
18 entity included in the chain of ownership has
19 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the
20 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below
21 it for an uninterrupted period of not less than
22 five (5) years.

23 (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership
24 interest in or sales of all or substantially all

1 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited
2 liability company, or partnership, the deduction
3 described in this subsection shall not apply
4 unless the pass-through entity that makes the
5 sale has held the stock or ownership interest or
6 the assets for not less than three (3)
7 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the
8 transaction that created the capital gain, and
9 each pass-through entity included in the chain of
10 ownership has been a member, partner or
11 shareholder of the pass-through entity in the
12 tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted
13 period of not less than three (3) years.

14 E. The Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual
15 taxpayer shall be further adjusted as follows to arrive at Oklahoma
16 taxable income:

- 17 1. a. In the case of individuals, there shall be added or
18 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
19 to allow personal exemptions of One Thousand Dollars
20 (\$1,000.00) in lieu of the personal exemptions allowed
21 by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- 22 b. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One
23 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or
24 spouse who is blind at the close of the tax year. For
25

1 purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is blind
2 only if the central visual acuity of the individual
3 does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with
4 correcting lenses, or if the visual acuity of the
5 individual is greater than 20/200, but is accompanied
6 by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the
7 widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle
8 no greater than twenty (20) degrees.

9 c. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One
10 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or
11 spouse who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older at
12 the close of the tax year based upon the filing status
13 and federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer.
14 Taxpayers with the following filing status may claim
15 this exemption if the federal adjusted gross income
16 does not exceed:

- 17 (1) Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) if
18 married and filing jointly,
- 19 (2) Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$12,500.00)
20 if married and filing separately,
- 21 (3) Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) if single,
22 and
- 23 (4) Nineteen Thousand Dollars (\$19,000.00) if a
24 qualifying head of household.

1 Provided, for taxable years beginning after December
2 31, 1999, amounts included in the calculation of
3 federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the
4 conversion of a traditional individual retirement
5 account to a Roth individual retirement account shall
6 be excluded from federal adjusted gross income for
7 purposes of the income thresholds provided in this
8 subparagraph.

- 9 2. a. For taxable years beginning on or before December 31,
10 2005, in the case of individuals who use the standard
11 deduction in determining taxable income, there shall
12 be added or deducted, as the case may be, the
13 difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in
14 lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal
15 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, in an amount equal
16 to the larger of fifteen percent (15%) of the Oklahoma
17 adjusted gross income or One Thousand Dollars
18 (\$1,000.00), but not to exceed Two Thousand Dollars
19 (\$2,000.00), except that in the case of a married
20 individual filing a separate return such deduction
21 shall be the larger of fifteen percent (15%) of such
22 Oklahoma adjusted gross income or Five Hundred Dollars
23 (\$500.00), but not to exceed the maximum amount of One
24 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).

1 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
2 2006, and before January 1, 2007, in the case of
3 individuals who use the standard deduction in
4 determining taxable income, there shall be added or
5 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
6 to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard
7 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code of
8 1986, as amended, in an amount equal to:

9 (1) Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00), if the filing
10 status is married filing joint, head of household
11 or qualifying widow, or

12 (2) Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), if the filing
13 status is single or married filing separate.

14 c. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2007, and
15 ending December 31, 2007, in the case of individuals
16 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
17 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
18 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
19 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
20 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, in an
21 amount equal to:

22 (1) Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00),
23 if the filing status is married filing joint or
24 qualifying widow, or

- 1 (2) Four Thousand One Hundred Twenty-five Dollars
2 (\$4,125.00) for a head of household, or
3 (3) Two Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars
4 (\$2,750.00), if the filing status is single or
5 married filing separate.

6 d. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2008, and
7 ending December 31, 2008, in the case of individuals
8 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
9 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
10 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
11 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
12 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, in an
13 amount equal to:

- 14 (1) Six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$6,500.00), if
15 the filing status is married filing joint or
16 qualifying widow,
17 (2) Four Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-five Dollars
18 (\$4,875.00) for a head of household, or
19 (3) Three Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars
20 (\$3,250.00), if the filing status is single or
21 married filing separate.

22 e. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2009, and
23 ending December 31, 2009, in the case of individuals
24 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
25

1 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
2 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
3 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
4 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, in an
5 amount equal to:

- 6 (1) Eight Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$8,500.00),
7 if the filing status is married filing joint or
8 qualifying widow,
9 (2) Six Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-five Dollars
10 (\$6,375.00) for a head of household, or
11 (3) Four Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars
12 (\$4,250.00), if the filing status is single or
13 married filing separate.

14 Oklahoma adjusted gross income shall be increased by
15 any amounts paid for motor vehicle excise taxes which
16 were deducted as allowed by the Internal Revenue Code
17 of 1986, as amended.

- 18 f. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
19 2010, and ending on December 31, 2016, in the case of
20 individuals who use the standard deduction in
21 determining taxable income, there shall be added or
22 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
23 to allow a standard deduction equal to the standard
24 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code of

1 1986, as amended, based upon the amount and filing
2 status prescribed by such Code for purposes of filing
3 federal individual income tax returns.

4 g. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
5 2017, in the case of individuals who use the standard
6 deduction in determining taxable income, there shall
7 be added or deducted, as the case may be, the
8 difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in
9 lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal
10 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as follows:

11 (1) Six Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars
12 (\$6,350.00) for single or married filing
13 separately,

14 (2) Twelve Thousand Seven Hundred Dollars
15 (\$12,700.00) for married filing jointly or
16 qualifying widower with dependent child, and

17 (3) Nine Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars
18 (\$9,350.00) for head of household.

19 3. a. In the case of resident and part-year resident
20 individuals having adjusted gross income from sources
21 both within and without the state, the itemized or
22 standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be
23 reduced to an amount which is the same portion of the
24 total thereof as Oklahoma adjusted gross income is of

1 adjusted gross income. To the extent itemized
2 deductions include allowable moving expense, proration
3 of moving expense shall not be required or permitted
4 but allowable moving expense shall be fully deductible
5 for those taxpayers moving within or into ~~Oklahoma~~
6 this state and no part of moving expense shall be
7 deductible for those taxpayers moving without or out
8 of ~~Oklahoma~~ this state. All other itemized or
9 standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be
10 subject to proration as provided by law.

11 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
12 2018, the net amount of itemized deductions allowable
13 on an Oklahoma income tax return, subject to the
14 provisions of paragraph 24 of this subsection, shall
15 not exceed Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00).
16 For purposes of this subparagraph, charitable
17 contributions and medical expenses deductible for
18 federal income tax purposes shall be excluded from the
19 amount of Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00) as
20 specified by this subparagraph.

21 4. A resident individual with a physical disability
22 constituting a substantial handicap to employment may deduct from
23 Oklahoma adjusted gross income such expenditures to modify a motor
24 vehicle, home or workplace as are necessary to compensate for his or

1 her handicap. A veteran certified by the United States Department
2 of Veterans Affairs of the federal government as having a service-
3 connected disability shall be conclusively presumed to be an
4 individual with a physical disability constituting a substantial
5 handicap to employment. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules
6 containing a list of combinations of common disabilities and
7 modifications which may be presumed to qualify for this deduction.
8 The Tax Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
9 verification.

- 10 5. a. Before July 1, 2010, the first One Thousand Five
11 Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person
12 from the United States as salary or compensation in
13 any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member
14 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
15 States shall be deducted from taxable income.
- 16 b. On or after July 1, 2010, one hundred percent (100%)
17 of the income received by any person from the United
18 States as salary or compensation in any form, other
19 than retirement benefits, as a member of any component
20 of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be
21 deducted from taxable income.
- 22 c. Whenever the filing of a timely income tax return by a
23 member of the Armed Forces of the United States is
24

1 made impracticable or impossible of accomplishment by
2 reason of:

3 (1) absence from the United States, which term
4 includes only the states and the District of
5 Columbia,

6 (2) absence from ~~the State of Oklahoma~~ this state
7 while on active duty, or

8 (3) confinement in a hospital within the United
9 States for treatment of wounds, injuries or
10 disease,

11 the time for filing a return and paying an income tax
12 shall be and is hereby extended without incurring
13 liability for interest or penalties, to the fifteenth
14 day of the third month following the month in which:

15 (a) Such individual shall return to the United
16 States if the extension is granted pursuant
17 to ~~subparagraph a~~ division 1 of this
18 ~~paragraph~~ subparagraph, return to ~~the State~~
19 ~~of Oklahoma~~ this state if the extension is
20 granted pursuant to ~~subparagraph b~~ division
21 2 of this ~~paragraph~~ subparagraph or be
22 discharged from such hospital if the
23 extension is granted pursuant to

1 ~~subparagraph e~~ division 3 of this ~~paragraph~~
2 subparagraph, or

3 (b) An executor, administrator, or conservator
4 of the estate of the taxpayer is appointed,
5 whichever event occurs the earliest.

6 Provided, that the Tax Commission may, in its discretion, grant
7 any member of the Armed Forces of the United States an extension of
8 time for filing of income tax returns and payment of income tax
9 without incurring liabilities for interest or penalties. Such
10 extension may be granted only when in the judgment of the Tax
11 Commission a good cause exists therefor and may be for a period in
12 excess of six (6) months. A record of every such extension granted,
13 and the reason therefor, shall be kept.

14 6. Before July 1, 2010, the salary or any other form of
15 compensation, received from the United States by a member of any
16 component of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be
17 deducted from taxable income during the time in which the person is
18 detained by the enemy in a conflict, is a prisoner of war or is
19 missing in action and not deceased; provided, after July 1, 2010,
20 all such salary or compensation shall be subject to the deduction as
21 provided pursuant to paragraph 5 of this subsection.

22 7. a. An individual taxpayer, whether resident or
23 nonresident, may deduct an amount equal to the federal
24

1 income taxes paid by the taxpayer during the taxable
2 year.

3 b. Federal taxes as described in subparagraph a of this
4 paragraph shall be deductible by any individual
5 taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, only to the
6 extent they relate to income subject to taxation
7 pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax
8 Act. The maximum amount allowable in ~~the preceding~~
9 paragraph 5 of this subsection shall be prorated on
10 the ratio of the Oklahoma adjusted gross income to
11 federal adjusted gross income.

12 c. For the purpose of this paragraph, "federal income
13 taxes paid" shall mean federal income taxes, surtaxes
14 imposed on incomes or excess profits taxes, as though
15 the taxpayer was on the accrual basis. In determining
16 the amount of deduction for federal income taxes for
17 tax year 2001, the amount of the deduction shall not
18 be adjusted by the amount of any accelerated ten
19 percent (10%) tax rate bracket credit or advanced
20 refund of the credit received during the tax year
21 provided pursuant to the federal Economic Growth and
22 Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, P.L. No. 107-
23 16, and the advanced refund of such credit shall not
24 be subject to taxation.

1 d. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all
2 taxable years ending after December 31, 1978, and
3 beginning before January 1, 2006.

4 8. Retirement benefits not to exceed Five Thousand Five Hundred
5 Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five
6 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand
7 Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax
8 years, which are received by an individual from the civil service of
9 the United States, the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System,
10 the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, the Oklahoma Law
11 Enforcement Retirement System, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and
12 Retirement System, the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement
13 System, the employee retirement systems created by counties pursuant
14 to Section 951 et seq. of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, ~~the~~ The
15 Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges, the Oklahoma
16 Wildlife Conservation Department Retirement Fund, the Oklahoma
17 Employment Security Commission Retirement Plan, or the employee
18 retirement systems created by municipalities pursuant to Section 48-
19 101 et seq. of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt
20 from taxable income.

21 9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984, Social
22 Security benefits received by an individual shall be exempt from
23 taxable income, to the extent such benefits are included in the
24 federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the provisions of Section

1 86 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, 26 U.S.C.,
2 Section 86.

3 10. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994, lump-
4 sum distributions from employer plans of deferred compensation,
5 which are not qualified plans within the meaning of Section 401(a)
6 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, 26 U.S.C., Section
7 401(a), and which are deposited in and accounted for within a
8 separate bank account or brokerage account in a financial
9 institution within this state, shall be excluded from taxable income
10 in the same manner as a qualifying rollover contribution to an
11 individual retirement account within the meaning of Section 408 of
12 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, 26 U.S.C., Section
13 408. Amounts withdrawn from such bank or brokerage account,
14 including any earnings thereon, shall be included in taxable income
15 when withdrawn in the same manner as withdrawals from individual
16 retirement accounts within the meaning of Section 408 of the
17 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

18 11. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995,
19 contributions made to and interest received from a medical savings
20 account established pursuant to Sections 2621 through 2623 of Title
21 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

22 12. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, the
23 Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer who is a
24 swine or poultry producer may be further adjusted for the deduction
25

1 for depreciation allowed for new construction or expansion costs
2 which may be computed using the same depreciation method elected for
3 federal income tax purposes except that the useful life shall be
4 seven (7) years for purposes of this paragraph. If depreciation is
5 allowed as a deduction in determining the adjusted gross income of
6 an individual, any depreciation calculated and claimed pursuant to
7 this section shall in no event be a duplication of any depreciation
8 allowed or permitted on the federal income tax return of the
9 individual.

10 13. a. In taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005,
11 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts
12 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an
13 individual sixty-five (65) years of age or older and
14 whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is Twenty-five
15 Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less if the filing
16 status is single, head of household, or married filing
17 separate, or Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or
18 less if the filing status is married filing joint or
19 qualifying widow, shall be exempt from taxable income.
20 In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004,
21 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts
22 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an
23 individual whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is
24

1 less than the qualifying amount specified in this
2 paragraph, shall be exempt from taxable income.

3 b. For purposes of this paragraph, the qualifying amount
4 shall be as follows:

5 (1) in taxable years beginning after December 31,
6 2004, and prior to January 1, 2007, the
7 qualifying amount shall be Thirty-seven Thousand
8 Five Hundred Dollars (\$37,500.00) or less if the
9 filing status is single, head of household, or
10 married filing separate, or Seventy-five Thousand
11 Dollars (\$75,000.00) or less if the filing status
12 is married filing jointly or qualifying widow,

13 (2) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007,
14 the qualifying amount shall be Fifty Thousand
15 Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status
16 is single, head of household, or married filing
17 separate, or One Hundred Thousand Dollars
18 (\$100,000.00) or less if the filing status is
19 married filing jointly or qualifying widow,

20 (3) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008,
21 the qualifying amount shall be Sixty-two Thousand
22 Five Hundred Dollars (\$62,500.00) or less if the
23 filing status is single, head of household, or
24 married filing separate, or One Hundred Twenty-

1 five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00) or less if
2 the filing status is married filing jointly or
3 qualifying widow,

4 (4) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009,
5 the qualifying amount shall be One Hundred
6 Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the
7 filing status is single, head of household, or
8 married filing separate, or Two Hundred Thousand
9 Dollars (\$200,000.00) or less if the filing
10 status is married filing jointly or qualifying
11 widow, and

12 (5) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010,
13 and subsequent taxable years, there shall be no
14 limitation upon the qualifying amount.

15 c. For purposes of this paragraph, "retirement benefits"
16 means the total distributions or withdrawals from the
17 following:

18 (1) an employee pension benefit plan which satisfies
19 the requirements of Section 401 of the Internal
20 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, 26 U.S.C.,
21 Section 401,

22 (2) an eligible deferred compensation plan that
23 satisfies the requirements of Section 457 of the
24

1 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, 26
2 U.S.C., Section 457,

3 (3) an individual retirement account, annuity or
4 trust or simplified employee pension that
5 satisfies the requirements of Section 408 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, 26
7 U.S.C., Section 408,

8 (4) an employee annuity subject to the provisions of
9 Section 403(a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue
10 Code of 1986, as amended, 26 U.S.C., Section
11 403(a) or (b),

12 (5) United States Retirement Bonds which satisfy the
13 requirements of Section 86 of the Internal
14 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, 26 U.S.C.,
15 Section 86, or

16 (6) lump-sum distributions from a retirement plan
17 which satisfies the requirements of Section
18 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
19 amended, 26 U.S.C., Section 402(e).

20 d. The amount of the exemption provided by this paragraph
21 shall be limited to Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars
22 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five
23 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and
24 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the tax year

1 2006 and for all subsequent tax years. Any individual
2 who claims the exemption provided for in paragraph 8
3 of this subsection shall not be permitted to claim a
4 combined total exemption pursuant to this paragraph
5 and paragraph 8 of this subsection in an amount
6 exceeding Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars
7 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five
8 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and
9 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax
10 year and all subsequent tax years.

11 14. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, for an
12 individual engaged in production agriculture who has filed a
13 Schedule F form with the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
14 such taxable year, there shall be excluded from taxable income any
15 amount which was included as federal taxable income or federal
16 adjusted gross income and which consists of the discharge of an
17 obligation by a creditor of the taxpayer incurred to finance the
18 production of agricultural products.

19 15. In taxable years beginning December 31, 2000, an amount
20 equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of any scholarship
21 or stipend received from participation in the Oklahoma Police Corps
22 Program, as established in Section 2-140.3 of Title 47 of the
23 Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

1 16. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001,
2 and before January 1, 2005, there shall be allowed a
3 deduction in the amount of contributions to accounts
4 established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings
5 Plan Act. The deduction shall equal the amount of
6 contributions to accounts, but in no event shall the
7 deduction for each contributor exceed Two Thousand
8 Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) each taxable year for
9 each account.

10 b. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004,
11 each taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for
12 contributions to accounts established pursuant to the
13 Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The maximum annual
14 deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to
15 all such accounts plus any contributions to such
16 accounts by the taxpayer for prior taxable years after
17 December 31, 2004, which were not deducted, but in no
18 event shall the deduction for each tax year exceed Ten
19 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each individual
20 taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) for
21 taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of a
22 contribution that is not deducted by the taxpayer in
23 the year for which the contribution is made may be
24 carried forward as a deduction from income for the

1 succeeding five (5) years. For taxable years
2 beginning after December 31, 2005, deductions may be
3 taken for contributions and rollovers made during a
4 taxable year and up to April 15 of the succeeding
5 year, or the due date of a taxpayer's state income tax
6 return, excluding extensions, whichever is later.
7 Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may
8 not be taken for two (2) different taxable years.

9 c. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006,
10 deductions for contributions made pursuant to
11 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be limited as
12 follows:

13 (1) for a taxpayer who qualified for the five-year
14 carryforward election and who takes a rollover or
15 nonqualified withdrawal during that period, the
16 tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to
17 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced
18 by the amount which is equal to the rollover or
19 nonqualified withdrawal, and

20 (2) for a taxpayer who elects to take a rollover or
21 nonqualified withdrawal within the same tax year
22 in which a contribution was made to the
23 taxpayer's account, the tax deduction otherwise
24 available pursuant to subparagraph b of this

1 paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of the
2 contribution which is equal to the rollover or
3 nonqualified withdrawal.

4 d. If a taxpayer elects to take a rollover on a
5 contribution for which a deduction has been taken
6 pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph within
7 one (1) year of the date of contribution, the amount
8 of such rollover shall be included in the adjusted
9 gross income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of
10 the rollover.

11 e. If a taxpayer makes a nonqualified withdrawal of
12 contributions for which a deduction was taken pursuant
13 to subparagraph b of this paragraph, such nonqualified
14 withdrawal and any earnings thereon shall be included
15 in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the
16 taxable year of the nonqualified withdrawal.

17 f. As used in this paragraph:

18 (1) "non-qualified withdrawal" means a withdrawal
19 from an Oklahoma College Savings Plan account
20 other than one of the following:

21 (a) a qualified withdrawal,

22 (b) a withdrawal made as a result of the death
23 or disability of the designated beneficiary
24 of an account,

1 (c) a withdrawal that is made on the account of
2 a scholarship or the allowance or payment
3 described in Section 135(d)(1)(B) or (C) or
4 by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
5 amended, received by the designated
6 beneficiary to the extent the amount of the
7 refund does not exceed the amount of the
8 scholarship, allowance, or payment, or

9 (d) a rollover or change of designated
10 beneficiary as permitted by subsection F of
11 Section 3970.7 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma
12 Statutes, and

13 (2) "rollover" means the transfer of funds from the
14 Oklahoma College Savings Plan to any other plan
15 under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code of
16 1986, as amended.

17 17. For tax years 2006 through 2021, retirement benefits
18 received by an individual from any component of the Armed Forces of
19 the United States in an amount not to exceed the greater of seventy-
20 five percent (75%) of such benefits or Ten Thousand Dollars
21 (\$10,000.00) shall be exempt from taxable income but in no case less
22 than the amount of the exemption provided by paragraph 13 of this
23 subsection. For tax year 2022 and subsequent tax years, retirement
24

1 benefits received by an individual from any component of the Armed
2 Forces of the United States shall be exempt from taxable income.

3 18. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006,
4 retirement benefits received by federal civil service retirees,
5 including survivor annuities, paid in lieu of Social Security
6 benefits shall be exempt from taxable income to the extent such
7 benefits are included in the federal adjusted gross income pursuant
8 to the provisions of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code of
9 1986, as amended, 26 U.S.C., Section 86, according to the following
10 schedule:

- 11 a. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, twenty
12 percent (20%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
- 13 b. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, forty
14 percent (40%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
- 15 c. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, sixty
16 percent (60%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
- 17 d. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, eighty
18 percent (80%) of such benefits shall be exempt, and
- 19 e. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2011, and
20 subsequent taxable years, one hundred percent (100%)
21 of such benefits shall be exempt.

22 19. a. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, a
23 resident individual may deduct up to Ten Thousand
24 Dollars (\$10,000.00) from Oklahoma adjusted gross
25

1 income if the individual, or the dependent of the
2 individual, while living, donates one or more human
3 organs of the individual to another human being for
4 human organ transplantation. As used in this
5 paragraph, "human organ" means all or part of a liver,
6 pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow. A
7 deduction that is claimed under this paragraph may be
8 claimed in the taxable year in which the human organ
9 transplantation occurs.

10 b. An individual may claim this deduction only once, and
11 the deduction may be claimed only for unreimbursed
12 expenses that are incurred by the individual and
13 related to the organ donation of the individual.

14 c. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to
15 implement the provisions of this paragraph which shall
16 contain a specific list of expenses which may be
17 presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
18 Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
19 verification.

20 20. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, there
21 shall be exempt from taxable income any amount received by the
22 beneficiary of the death benefit for an emergency medical technician
23 or a registered emergency medical responder provided by Section 1-
24 2505.1 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

1 21. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008,
2 taxable income shall be increased by any unemployment compensation
3 exempted under Section 85(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
4 as amended, 26 U.S.C., Section 85(c) ~~(2009)~~.

5 22. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, there
6 shall be exempt from taxable income any payment in an amount less
7 than Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) received by a person as an award
8 for participation in a competitive livestock show event. For
9 purposes of this paragraph, the payment shall be treated as a
10 scholarship amount paid by the entity sponsoring the event and the
11 sponsoring entity shall cause the payment to be categorized as a
12 scholarship in its books and records.

13 23. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016,
14 taxable income shall be increased by any amount of state and local
15 sales or income taxes deducted under 26 U.S.C., Section 164 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. If the amount of state
17 and local taxes deducted on the federal return is limited, taxable
18 income on the state return shall be increased only by the amount
19 actually deducted after any such limitations are applied.

20 24. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, each
21 taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for contributions to accounts
22 established pursuant to the Achieving a Better Life Experience
23 (ABLE) ~~Program~~ program as established in Section 4001.1 et seq. of
24 Title 56 of the Oklahoma Statutes. For any tax year, the deduction

1 provided for in this paragraph shall not exceed Ten Thousand Dollars
2 (\$10,000.00) for an individual taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars
3 (\$20,000.00) for taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of
4 contribution not deducted by the taxpayer in the tax year for which
5 the contribution is made may be carried forward as a deduction from
6 income for up to five (5) tax years. Deductions may be taken for
7 contributions made during the tax year and through April 15 of the
8 succeeding tax year, or through the due date of a taxpayer's state
9 income tax return excluding extensions, whichever is later.

10 Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may not be taken in
11 more than one (1) tax year.

12 F. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a
13 deduction from the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual
14 taxpayer shall be allowed for qualifying gains receiving capital
15 treatment that are included in the federal adjusted gross income of
16 such individual taxpayer during the taxable year.

17 2. As used in this subsection:

18 a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
19 the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
20 1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
21 amended, included in an individual taxpayer's federal
22 income tax return that result from:

23 (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
24 property located within ~~Oklahoma~~ this state that

1 has been directly or indirectly owned by the
2 individual taxpayer for a holding period of at
3 least five (5) years prior to the date of the
4 transaction from which such net capital gains
5 arise,

6 (2) the sale of stock or the sale of a direct or
7 indirect ownership interest in an Oklahoma
8 company, limited liability company, or
9 partnership where such stock or ownership
10 interest has been directly or indirectly owned by
11 the individual taxpayer for a holding period of
12 at least two (2) years prior to the date of the
13 transaction from which the net capital gains
14 arise, or

15 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal
16 property or intangible personal property located
17 within ~~Oklahoma~~ this state as part of the sale of
18 all or substantially all of the assets of an
19 Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or
20 partnership or an Oklahoma proprietorship
21 business enterprise where such property has been
22 directly or indirectly owned by such entity or
23 business enterprise or owned by the owners of
24 such entity or business enterprise for a period

1 of at least two (2) years prior to the date of
2 the transaction from which the net capital gains
3 arise,

4 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of
5 time. The holding period shall include any additional
6 period when the property was held by another
7 individual or entity, if such additional period is
8 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the
9 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
10 as amended,

11 c. "Oklahoma company," "limited liability company," or
12 "partnership" means an entity whose primary
13 headquarters have been located in ~~Oklahoma~~ this state
14 for at least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to
15 the date of the transaction from which the net capital
16 gains arise,

17 d. "direct" means the individual taxpayer directly owns
18 the asset,

19 e. "indirect" means the individual taxpayer owns an
20 interest in a pass-through entity (or chain of pass-
21 through entities) that sells the asset that gives rise
22 to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.

23 (1) With respect to sales of real property or
24 tangible personal property located within
25

1 ~~Oklahoma~~ this state, the deduction described in
2 this subsection shall not apply unless the pass-
3 through entity that makes the sale has held the
4 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted
5 years prior to the date of the transaction that
6 created the capital gain, and each pass-through
7 entity included in the chain of ownership has
8 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the
9 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below
10 it for an uninterrupted period of not less than
11 five (5) years.

12 (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership
13 interest in or sales of all or substantially all
14 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited
15 liability company, partnership or Oklahoma
16 proprietorship business enterprise, the deduction
17 described in this subsection shall not apply
18 unless the pass-through entity that makes the
19 sale has held the stock or ownership interest for
20 not less than two (2) uninterrupted years prior
21 to the date of the transaction that created the
22 capital gain, and each pass-through entity
23 included in the chain of ownership has been a
24 member, partner or shareholder of the pass-

1 through entity in the tier immediately below it
2 for an uninterrupted period of not less than two
3 (2) years. For purposes of this division,
4 uninterrupted ownership prior to July 1, 2007,
5 shall be included in the determination of the
6 required holding period prescribed by this
7 division, and

8 f. "Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise" means a
9 business enterprise whose income and expenses have
10 been reported on Schedule C or F of an individual
11 taxpayer's federal income tax return, or any similar
12 successor schedule published by the Internal Revenue
13 Service and whose primary headquarters have been
14 located in ~~Oklahoma~~ this state for at least three (3)
15 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the
16 transaction from which the net capital gains arise.

17 G. 1. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income
18 under this section, the dividends-paid deduction otherwise allowed
19 by federal law in computing net income of a real estate investment
20 trust that is subject to federal income tax shall be added back in
21 computing the tax imposed by this state under this title if the real
22 estate investment trust is a captive real estate investment trust.

23 2. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income under
24 this section, a taxpayer shall add back otherwise deductible rents
25

1 and interest expenses paid to a captive real estate investment trust
2 that is not subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this
3 subsection. As used in this subsection:

4 a. the term "real estate investment trust" or "REIT"
5 means the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 856
6 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,

7 b. the term "captive real estate investment trust" means
8 a real estate investment trust, the shares or
9 beneficial interests of which are not regularly traded
10 on an established securities market and more than
11 fifty percent (50%) of the voting power or value of
12 the beneficial interests or shares of which are owned
13 or controlled, directly or indirectly, or
14 constructively, by a single entity that is:

15 (1) treated as an association taxable as a
16 corporation under the Internal Revenue Code of
17 1986, as amended, and

18 (2) not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to
19 the provisions of Section 501(a) of the Internal
20 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

21 The term shall not include a real estate investment
22 trust that is intended to be regularly traded on an
23 established securities market, and that satisfies the
24 requirements of Section 856(a) (5) and (6) of the U.S.

1 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, by reason
2 of Section 856(h) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code of
3 1986, as amended,

4 c. the term "association taxable as a corporation" shall
5 not include the following entities:

6 (1) any real estate investment trust as defined in
7 paragraph a of this subsection other than a
8 ~~"captive real estate investment trust"~~ captive
9 real estate investment trust,

10 (2) any qualified real estate investment trust
11 subsidiary under Section 856(i) of the Internal
12 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, other than a
13 qualified REIT subsidiary of a ~~"captive real~~
14 ~~estate investment trust"~~ captive real estate
15 investment trust,

16 (3) any ~~Listed Australian Property Trust~~ listed
17 Australian property trust (meaning an Australian
18 unit trust registered as a ~~"Managed Investment~~
19 ~~Scheme"~~ "managed investment scheme" under the
20 Australian Corporations Act 2001 in which the
21 principal class of units is listed on a
22 recognized stock exchange in Australia and is
23 regularly traded on an established securities
24 market), or an entity organized as a trust,

1 provided that a ~~Listed Australian Property Trust~~
2 listed Australian property trust owns or
3 controls, directly or indirectly, seventy-five
4 percent (75%) or more of the voting power or
5 value of the beneficial interests or shares of
6 such trust, or

7 (4) any ~~Qualified Foreign Entity~~ qualified foreign
8 entity, meaning a corporation, trust, association
9 or partnership organized outside the laws of the
10 United States and which satisfies the following
11 criteria:

12 (a) at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the
13 entity's total asset value at the close of
14 its taxable year is represented by real
15 estate assets, as defined in Section
16 856(c) (5) (B) of the Internal Revenue Code of
17 1986, as amended, thereby including shares
18 or certificates of beneficial interest in
19 any real estate investment trust, cash and
20 cash equivalents, and U.S. Government
21 securities,

22 (b) the entity receives a dividend-paid
23 deduction comparable to Section 561 of the
24

1 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,

2 or is exempt from entity level tax,

3 (c) the entity is required to distribute at
4 least eighty-five percent (85%) of its
5 taxable income, as computed in the
6 jurisdiction in which it is organized, to
7 the holders of its shares or certificates of
8 beneficial interest on an annual basis,

9 (d) not more than ten percent (10%) of the
10 voting power or value in such entity is held
11 directly or indirectly or constructively by
12 a single entity or individual, or the shares
13 or beneficial interests of such entity are
14 regularly traded on an established
15 securities market, and

16 (e) the entity is organized in a country which
17 has a tax treaty with the United States.

18 3. For purposes of this subsection, the constructive ownership
19 rules of Section 318(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as modified by
20 Section 856(d) (5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,
21 shall apply in determining the ownership of stock, assets, or net
22 profits of any person.

23 4. A real estate investment trust that does not become
24 regularly traded on an established securities market within one (1)

1 year of the date on which it first becomes a real estate investment
2 trust shall be deemed not to have been regularly traded on an
3 established securities market, retroactive to the date it first
4 became a real estate investment trust, and shall file an amended
5 return reflecting such retroactive designation for any tax year or
6 part year occurring during its initial year of status as a real
7 estate investment trust. For purposes of this subsection, a real
8 estate investment trust becomes a real estate investment trust on
9 the first day it has both met the requirements of Section 856 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and has elected to be
11 treated as a real estate investment trust pursuant to Section
12 856(c) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

13 SECTION 3. This act shall become effective November 1, 2025.

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