1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 60th Legislature (2025)
3	HOUSE BILL 2728 By: Kendrix
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6	AS INTRODUCED
7	An Act relating to administrative rules and
8	procedures; creating Legislative Economic Analysis Unit; prescribing procedures for review of
9	administrative rules; requiring economic analysis of proposed administrative rules; setting dollar
10	threshold; requiring specific approval of proposed administrative rule pursuant to action by
11	Legislature; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.
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14	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
15	SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
16	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 601 of Title 75, unless there is
17	created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
18	A. A Legislative Economic Analysis Unit (LEAU) shall be created
19	within the Legislature to provide independent and reliable economic
20	analysis and other information relevant to the conduct of the
21	Legislature's oversight and legislative duties.
22	1. The LEAU shall be headed by a Chief Economist, who is
23	appointed jointly by the President Pro Tempore of the Oklahoma State

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Senate and the Speaker of the Oklahoma House of Representatives and

serves at their pleasure. If there is no agreement by the President
Pro Tempore and Speaker on the appointment or continued tenure of a
Chief Economist, the office shall remain vacant, but the work of
other employees of the LEAU may continue.

- 2. The LEAU shall be staffed by such other career professionals as the Chief Economist deems necessary and appropriate, subject to the appropriations, other rules, and limitations established by the Legislature.
- B. In addition to other tasks the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and Speaker of the House may assign to the LEAU, it shall produce:
- 1. Determinations whether a rule or proposed rule that is required to be submitted to the Legislature under this rule is a major rule, whenever such determination is requested by the President of the Senate, Speaker of the House, or the committee with jurisdiction over the subject matter of the rule;
- 2. Regulatory Impact Analyses (RIAs) of major rules or major proposed rules within fifteen (15) legislative/session days of submission by an agency as a major rule or within fifteen (15) legislative/session days of LEAU's determination that any other rule is a major rule; and
- 3. RIAs of existing rules and regulations, as specified this act.

- C. The LEAU's determination that a rule or proposed rule submitted to the Legislature is a major rule shall be made public to provide notice that such rule might not be in effect without sixty-day legislative consideration or approval. Courts shall have jurisdiction to conduct de novo review of whether a given rule is a major rule and what effect that has on its effective date if not approved by the Legislature, but no such determination precludes the Legislature from using the procedures of this or other act to approve, disapprove, or enact other legislation regarding a rule at any time.
- SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 602 of Title 75, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
 - A. Whenever reasonably practicable, the major rule RIA or impact analysis conducted by the LEAU shall include:
 - 1. Statement of need;

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- 2. Legal basis for the rule;
- 3. Examination of alternatives (for new rules);
- 4. Evaluation of costs and benefits (for each alternative for new rules), including:
 - a. estimated primary or direct benefits,
- b. estimated cost savings or financial benefits tosociety,
 - c. estimated compliance costs for regulated entities,

- d. estimated secondary or indirect costs,
 - e. estimated effect on state revenue,
 - f. estimated effect on state expenditures, including estimated administrative expenses, and
 - g. estimated opportunity cost. The analysis must identify the opportunity cost of compliance, as a result of the removal of private capital from the market;
 - 5. Sources consulted; and
 - 6. Key assumptions and sources of uncertainty.
 - B. To the extent resources are available, the LEAU shall also evaluate or conduct the analysis specified in this act of specified existing rules and nonmajor rules when requested by a committee of either chamber relating to matters within the committee's jurisdiction. The LEAU shall undertake such a review in the order requested unless, in a given session, the Senate President and Speaker of the House direct otherwise.
 - C. Upon completion, analysis of each rule or other matter shall be made publicly available. At the end of each calendar year, the Chief Economist shall provide the President Pro Tempore of the Oklahoma State Senate and the Speaker of the Oklahoma House of Representatives a report summarizing the matters evaluated that year.

SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 603 of Title 75, unless there is
created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. Within one (1) month of enactment, each chamber of the Legislature shall specify an email or other electronic means for the delivery of rules and other information pursuant to this act, including during times when the Legislature is not in normal session. Thereafter, before any agency rule may take effect, the state agency promulgating a covered rule shall publish in the Oklahoma Register and shall submit to each chamber of the Legislature and to the Chief Economist/head of the LEAU/or equivalent officer a report containing:
- 1. A copy of the rule;
 - 2. A concise general statement relating to the rule;
 - 3. A classification of the rule as a major or nonmajor rule, as defined in this act, including an explanation of why it presumptively is or is not a major rule;
 - 4. A list of any other related regulatory actions intended to implement the same statutory provision or regulatory objective as well as the individual and aggregate economic effects of those actions; and
 - 5. The proposed effective date of the rule.

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B. On the date of the submission of the report under this act, the state agency promulgating the rule shall submit to the [LEAU] and make available to each chamber of the Legislature:

- A complete copy of the cost-benefit analysis of the rule, if any, including an analysis of any jobs added or lost, differentiating between public and private sector jobs; and
- 2. Any other relevant information or requirements under any other act and any relevant executive orders.
- C. The LEAU shall provide a report on each major rule to the committees of jurisdiction by the end of the of fifteenth session day after its submission or publication date, whichever is later. The report of the LEAU shall include an assessment of the agency's compliance with procedural steps required by this act, an assessment of whether the major rule imposes any new limits or mandates on private-sector activity, and its RIA.
- D. State agencies shall cooperate with the LEAU by providing information relevant to the LEAU's report.
- E. Subject to the exceptions in this section, a major rule shall not take effect before the Legislature enacts a law ratifying the rule or the expiration of sixty (60) legislative/session days after submission to the Legislature without a final vote in both chambers on the rule. A major rule may go into effect later than sixty (60) legislative/session days after submission to the Legislature, if so specified in the proposed rule and such rule was

not disapproved by the Legislature before its specified effective date.

- F. Nothing in this act expands or extends the emergency powers of the Governor or other executive or administrative officials in the state. Consistent with the limitations on emergency powers, a major rule may go into effect for purposes of this act earlier than specified in this act if the Governor publishes a statement with the rule:
- 1. Explaining why an emergency exists that requires an earlier effective date for the rule, or why a federal requirement or federal funding requires an earlier effective date;
- 2. If the Legislature is not in session or near the end of its session, explaining why the Legislature cannot be called back into session specially to consider and vote on the major rule; and
- 3. Explaining why the issuance of the major rule otherwise complies with emergency powers statutes and limitations or is required by federal law or for federal funding.
- G. Nothing in this act permits emergency rules to remain in effect longer than otherwise under emergency powers statutes or other limitations, and nothing prevents the Legislature from voting to disapprove of it under this act.
- H. State courts shall have jurisdiction to hear challenges by regulated or other affected parties that the exception cited by the

Governor for an earlier effective date for a major rule was invalid and, if so, whether or when the major rule did or may take effect.

- I. A nonmajor rule may take effect after submission to the Legislature under this act and publication, unless its stated effective date is later. If a rule is misclassified as nonmajor, regulated parties may challenge an effective date that is not consistent with that for a major rule.
- SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 604 of Title 75, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

For purposes of this act:

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- 1. The term "major rule" means any rule of any kind that fits the definition of a rule as defined herein, including an emergency rule or an interim final rule, that will result in or is likely to result in:
 - a. an annual effect on the economy of Two Hundred
 Thousand Dollars (\$200,000.00) or more,
 - b. significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, including significant adverse effects on individual industries or regions, or
 - c. significant changes in social and cultural relations among citizens, including significant impacts on religious, ethnic, or racial populations;

2. The term "nonmajor rule" means any rule that is not a major rule; and

- 3. The term "rule" means any agency statement of general applicability and future effect that is binding on the public or that more than nominally affects private rights, privileges, or other obligations, whether it is a rule issued after public notice and comment or not. A covered rule under this act does not include individual agency adjudications, permits for individual entities, or other rules of individual applicability, or matters of internal agency management that have no substantial effect on nongovernment parties.
- SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 605 of Title 75, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
 - A. The Legislative procedure leading to and including a final vote on a bill under this act shall not be subject to judicial review, but courts may give effect to bills enacted pursuant to this act.
 - B. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this act, a court may determine whether a state agency or the Legislature has completed the necessary requirements under this act for a rule to take effect, including de novo review of whether a rule is a major rule that requires delayed legislative consideration or approval by the Legislature before it takes effect.

C. The enactment of legislation under Section 3(b) shall not be interpreted to serve as a grant or modification of statutory authority by the Legislature for the promulgation of a rule, shall not extinguish or affect any claim, whether substantive or procedural, against any alleged defect in a rule, and shall not form part of the record before the court in any judicial proceeding concerning a rule except for purposes of determining whether or not the rule is in effect.

SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 606 of Title 75, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

In addition to other requirements of this act, if the result of the economic impact of a proposed rule would cost more than Two Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$200,000.00), the rule shall not become effective and shall not be promulgated or adopted unless the rule is specifically approved by the Legislature pursuant to approval of a measure receiving at least a constitutional majority of those elected to and constituting each chamber of the Legislature.

SECTION 7. This act shall become effective November 1, 2025.

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